ESRC Future Leaders grant Euroscepticism: dimensions, causes and consequences

PI: Dr Sofia Vasilopoulou

Data information sheet

The data include three public opinion surveys conducted in Greece, Germany and the UK.

Time period: 24 May - 31 May 2019 Country: Greece, Germany and the UK Observation units: individuals Population: adults 18+ Number of units: Greece: 3071; Germany: 2074 ;UK: 2106 Method of data collection: online surveys conducted by market research companies (Greece: Kiescompass; Germany and the UK: YouGov) Time dimension: cross-sectional Kind of data: Numeric

Info on weighting:

- <u>Greece</u>: Data weighted based on Greek census data (age, gender, education and region interlocked in strata), election results 2015, by the 4 regions, referendum results 2015, by the 4 regions.
- <u>Germany</u>: Sample demographically and politically representative of population aged 18+. Quota sample relating to age, gender, education, region, political interest and 2017 Bundestag election vote. Additionally for sampling, interlock age with gender with education level
- UK: Sample demographically and politically representative of population aged 18+. Quota sample relating to age, gender, social grade, education, region, political attention, 2017 General election and 2016 EU referendum votes. Additionally for sampling, interlock age with gender with education level, and interlock region with an individual's 2017 General Election vote

The SPSS files include weight variables that can be applied.

Survey questions are the same in all three countries. The data are anonymous. Survey participants have given their consent to use their responses for research purposes. No sensitive information is included in the files. The uploaded SPSS files include the questionnaires in the data view.

For further information, please contact sofia.vasilopoulou@york.ac.uk