

Name	Variable definition	Format
codeN	Country code: ISO3 numeric (see references for source)	Numeric
codeA	Country code: ISO3 Alpha (see references for source)	String
country	<u>Country:</u> Identifies the country the respective programme is implemented.	String
region	Region: Indicates the region the country is part of, according to the World Bank regional classification (see references for source).	Categorical: 1=Europe & Central Asia 2=East Asia & Pacific 3=South Asia 4=Middle East & North Africa 5=Sub-Saharan Africa 6=Latin America &Caribbean
subregion	Subregion: Indicates the subregion the country is part of.	Categorical: 1 = North Africa 2 = West Africa 3 = Central Africa 4 = East Africa 5 = Southern Africa 6 = Central Asia 7 = East Asia 8 = South Asia 9 = Southeast Asia 10 = Middle East 11 = Pacific 12 = Europe 13 = Latin America & Caribbean
year	Year: Indicates the year (2000-2015) the programme data applies to.	Numeric
	A. Programme Characteristics	
title	<u>Programme title</u> : Identifies the name of the programme in the original language, if available, otherwise in English.	String
start	<u>Start date:</u> Indicates the year the programme began operations.	Numeric
end	End date: Indicates the year the programme ended operations, if applicable.	Numeric
rep	Replace: Identifies whether the current programme replaced an earlier programme.	Dummy: O=No 1=Yes
repwhich	<u>Name of the programme replaced:</u> If replace = 1, indicates the name of the old programme	String

protype	Programme type: Identifies the type of programme based on their underlying approach to poverty. Only one category to be selected.	Categorical: 1=Pure income transfers 2=Income transfers plus community assets 3=Income transfers plus human capital investment 4=Integrated antipoverty transfer programmes
profunc	<u>Programme function</u> : Classifies programmes according to function from World Bank (2015). Several categories can be selected, as programmes might have more than one function. A conditional cash transfer plus complementary services should be entered as <17>.	Categorical: 1=Conditional cash transfer 2=Unconditional cash transfer 3=Old age pension 4=Disability pension 5=In-kind transfer 6=Employment guarantee 7= Complementary services 8 = Other
proobj	<u>Programme objectives</u> : Indicates the main objectives of the programme, as stated in the programme documentation.	String
pilot	<u>Pilot</u> : Identifies whether the programme is a pilot project in the corresponding year.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
target	Target population: Identifies the main target population of the programme. Several categories can be selected, e.g. for a pension for people with disabilities and older people <34> should be entered.	Categorical: 1=All households 2= Households with children aged 18 and younger 3=People in old age 4=People with disabilities 5=People of working age 6= Women 7=Other
categ1	<u>Categorical 1</u> : Takes the value 1 if the programme covers all within a population group or category, and 0 if it selects participants within the category	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
categ2	<u>Categorical 2</u> : If Categ1=0, it describes the population group covered in words.	String
inctest	Income test: Identifies whether an income test is used to select participants.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
meanstest	<u>Means test:</u> Identifies whether a means test is used to select participants.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
proxytest	<u>Proxy-means test:</u> Identifies whether a proxy-means test is used to select participants.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes

geotar	Geographic targeting: Identifies whether participants are	Dummy:
	selected based on their geographic location.	0=No
		1=Yes
comtar	Community targeting: Identifies whether participants are	Dummy:
	selected through community participation.	0=No
		1=Yes
demtar	Demographic targeting: Identifies whether participants are	Dummy:
	selected on demographic characteristics, e.g. age or gender.	0=No
		1=Yes
selfselect	Self-selection: Identifies whether participants self-select into	Dummy:
	the programme. Identifies programmes open to all who	0=No
	demand it.	1=Yes
assets	Asset targeting: Identifies whether selection includes an	Dummy:
	asset test.	0=No
		1=Yes
partind	Participation – individual level: Measures the number of	Numeric
partitu	participating individuals, including the recipient and her/his	
	family group.	
	Where participation is reported at household level or for	
	direct participants only , the number of individual	
	participants is computed using countries' mean household	
	size (see references for source)	
parthh	Participation – household level: Measures the number of	Numeric
partim	participating households.	Trainerie
	Where participation is reported at individual level only, the	
	number of household participants is computed using	
	countries' mean household size (see references for source)	
entreq	Entitlement requisites: Lists the requisites needed to enrol in	String
ond oq	the programme, e.g. birth certificate or proof of residency	ou mg
recip	Recipient: Identifies the direct recipient of the transfer.	Categorical:
F		1=Child carer
		2=Pensioner
		3=Disabled
		4=Worker
		5=Household head
		6=Female household
		member
		7=Other
compo1	Programme components 1: Identifies whether the	Dummy:
· F	programme has a single or several components.	0=Single
	F - O	1=Several
compo2	<i>Programme components 2</i> : If compo1 =1, it lists and	String
-	describes the components in words.	
payreg1	Payment regularity 1: Measures the interval between	Categorical:
Pu)8-	transfer payments (for the first component).	1=Daily
		2=Weekly
		3=Biweekly
		4=Monthly

		5=Bimonthly
		6=Quarterly
		7=Every 6 months 8=Yearly
payreg2	Payment regularity 2: Measures the interval between	Categorical:
payregz	transfer payments for the second component if several.	1=Daily
	transfer payments for the second component if several.	2=Weekly
		3=Biweekly
		4=Monthly
		5=Bimonthly
		6=Quarterly
		7=Every 6 months
		8=Yearly
payreg3	Payment regularity 3: Measures the interval between	Categorical:
1 7 0	transfer payments for the third component if several.	1=Daily
		2=Weekly
		3=Biweekly
		4=Monthly
		5=Bimonthly
		6=Quarterly
		7=Every 6 months
		8=Yearly
transmin	<u>Transfer amount – minimum</u> : Measures the minimum level	Numeric
	of transfer per month in domestic currency at current	
	prices.	
transminPPP	<u>Transfer amount – minimum:</u> Measures the minimum level	Numeric
_	of transfer per month in US\$PPP.	
transmax	<u>Transfer amount – maximum:</u> Measures the maximum level	Numeric
	of transfer per month in domestic currency at current	
transmaxPPP	prices. Transfer amount – maximum: Measures the maximum level	Numeric
uansmaxere	of transfer per month in US\$PPP.	Numeric
transav	Transfer amount – average: Measures the average level of	Numeric
ci diiba v	transfer per month in domestic currency at current prices.	Trainer re
transavPPP	<u>Transfer amount – average</u> : Measures the average level of	Numeric
	transfer per month in US\$PPP.	
transfix	<u>Transfer amount – fixed:</u> Measures the fixed level of transfer	Numeric
	per month in domestic currency at current prices.	
transfix	<i>Transfer amount – fixed:</i> Measures the fixed level of transfer	Numeric
	per month in US\$PPP.	
transcompo	<u>Transfer amount - components:</u> If a programme has several	String
	components, it indicates the transfer level per month in	
	domestic currency at current prices for each component in	
	words.	
paymethod	<u>Payment method:</u> Reports on the most common payment	Categorical:
	methods. Several categories can be selected.	1= Cash
		2= Prepaid card
		3= Magnetic bank card
		4= Voucher

		5= Bank transfer 6= Mobile payment points 7= Cell phone payments 8= Other
level	Level of reporting: Indicates whether the transfer amounts are reported at the individual level or the household level.	Categorical: 1=Individual level 2=Household level
recertif	Recertification: Reports whether the programme requires recertification of eligibility.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
period1	Guaranteed transfer period 1: Identifies whether there is a fixed period of time during which transfers are guaranteed, or a fixed period before recertification is required.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
period2	Guaranteed transfer period 2: If period1= 1, it indicates the fixed period of time during which transfers are guaranteed in years or fraction of a year. 97, 98 and 99 are reserved for particular cases. 97 applies to cases where continuation of payment depends on the continuation of a specific condition, as might be the case for disability allowances. 98 applies to cases where the transfer is subject to children being enrolled in school. 99 indicates the transfer period is guaranteed during the life of the participant.	Numeric: 97=Subject to continuation of the condition 98=As long as children are in school 99=For life
conhum	Transfer conditions – human capital: Indicates whether transfers are conditional on the utilisation of social services aimed to enhance human capital.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
conenrol	<u>Transfer conditions – school enrolment</u> : Indicates whether transfers are conditional on school enrolment of schoolaged children in the household.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
conatt	<u>Transfer conditions – school attendance</u> : Indicates whether transfers are conditional on school attendance of schoolaged children in the household.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
conhealth	<u>Transfer conditions – health</u> : Indicates whether transfers are conditional on periodic health check-ups.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
conimmu	<u>Transfer conditions – immunization</u> : Indicates whether transfers are conditional on immunization of children in the household.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
connutri	<u>Transfer conditions – nutrition</u> : Indicates whether transfers are conditional on nutritional activities.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
conwork	<u>Transfer conditions – work</u> : Indicates whether transfers are conditional on the supply of labour.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
sanctions	<u>Sanctions:</u> Specifies whether sanctions for non-compliance with conditions are specified by the programme agency.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes

exit1	<u>Exit strategy 1:</u> Indicates whether the programme includes an exit strategy for participants.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
exit2	Exit strategy 2: If exit1=1, it describes in words the programme's exit strategy for participants.	String
	B. Programme Institutionalisation	
agenname	Implementing agency: Identifies the agency responsible for the implementation of the programme. When multiple agencies are involved, it reports on the executing agency.	String
agentype	Agency type: Identifies the type of executing agency.	Categorical: 1=Governmental 2=Multilateral (or bilateral) donor agency 3=Private 4=Non-profit organization 5=Hybrid
centra	Centralisation of decision-making: Assesses the degree of centralisation in decision making of the programme. None describes a programme fully designed and implemented at the community/district level. Low centralisation describes a national/regional programme allowing full decision-making at the community/district level. Medium centralisation describes programmes where local government can modify or complement programme design and implementation. High centralisation describes a programme designed and/or implemented by central government.	Categorical: 1=None 2=Low 3=Medium 4=High
locdis	Local government discretion: Assesses the extent to which local government, or community, can select participants and/or set transfer values for different households.	Categorical: 1=None 2=Low 3=Medium 4=High
interm	Intermediation: Indicates whether participants have access to a social worker.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
legfram	<u>Legal framework:</u> Indicates the legal framework under which the programme operates.	Categorical: 1=Constitutional law 2=Ordinary legislation 3=Presidential decree 4=Agency regulations 5=None
legframch1	<u>Changes in the legal framework:</u> Identifies whether changes to the legal framework took place since the start of the programme.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes

legframch2	<u>Changes in the legal framework 2:</u> If legframch1 =1, it identifies the year the last changes were made.	Numeric
evapro	<i>Evaluation protocol:</i> Indicates whether a programme includes evaluation protocols.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
registry	<u>Unified Registry:</u> Identifies whether there is a unified registry covering this programme.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
partreg	<u>Participant registration:</u> Identifies whether there is a dedicated registry for this programme.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
appep	Appeals procedure: Measures whether a programme includes an appeal protocol against selection decisions.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
socacc	<u>Social accountability and participation:</u> Indicates whether there is community accountability of decision-making by the programme agency.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
budarr	Budgetary arrangements: Indicates the requirements for modifying budgetary arrangements. Formal arrangements are embedded in legislation. Informal applies where budget adjustments are contingent, e.g. donor funding. Discretionary applies where budgets are modified by presidential or ministerial discretion alone	Categorical: 1=Formal (legislated) 2= Informal (revelation) 3=Discretionary (finance or presidential discretion)
web	<u>Website:</u> Indicates whether there is a website for the programme.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
	C. Country-level Institutionalisation	
povstra	<u>Poverty strategy:</u> Indicates whether the country has a national poverty reduction strategy or social protection policy strategy.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
natco	National coordination: Indicates whether a single agency has responsibility for poverty reduction, managing programmes, and coordinating government policy.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
	D. Programme Budget	
bugt	<u>Budget:</u> Measures the budget assigned to the programme in the corresponding year, in domestic currency at current prices.	Numeric
bugt PPP	<u>Budget:</u> Measures the budget assigned to the programme in the corresponding year, in US\$PPP.	Numeric
exbugt1	<u>Budget period 1:</u> Indicates whether the reported budget is for the fiscal year, calendar year or multiyear period.	Categorical: 1=fiscal year 2= calendar year

		3= multiyear period
exbugt2	<u>Budget period 2:</u> If exbugt1 = 3 (multiyear period), it indicates the number of years covered.	Numeric
cost	Actual expenditure: Measures the executed expenditure on the programme in the corresponding year, in domestic currency at current prices.	Numeric
costPPP	Actual expenditure: Measures the executed expenditure on the programme in the corresponding year, in US\$PPP.	Numeric
excost1	<u>Cost explanation 1:</u> Indicates whether the cost reported is for the fiscal year, calendar year or multiyear period.	Categorical: 1= fiscal year 2= calendar year 3= multiyear period
excost2	<u>Cost explanation 2:</u> If excost1 = 3 (multiyear period), it indicates the number of years covered.	Numeric
dfin1	<u>Donor financing 1:</u> Indicates whether the programme received donor contributions.	Dummy: 0=No 1=Yes
dfin2	<u>Donor financing 2:</u> If dfin1 = 1, it indicates whether funding is through a loan or a grant, or both.	Dummy: 1=Loan 2=Grant 3=Both
dfinex	<u>Donor financing expenditure:</u> Measures the executed donor contribution to the programme in the corresponding year, in domestic currency at current prices.	Numeric
dfinexPPP	<u>Donor financing expenditure:</u> Measures the executed donor contribution to the programme in the corresponding year, in US\$PPP.	Numeric
dfinex1	<u>Donor financing period 1:</u> Specifies whether the amount was reported for the fiscal year, calendar year or multiyear period.	Categorical: 1= fiscal year 2= calendar year 3= multiyear period
dfinex2	<u>Donor financing period 2:</u> If exdfinex1 = 3 (multiyear period), it indicates the number of years covered.	Numeric
govfin	<u>Government financing:</u> Indicates whether the programme is financed by the domestic government, partially or fully.	Dummy: 0= No 1= Yes
govfinex	Government financing expenditure: Measures the governments' executed contribution to the programme in the corresponding year, in domestic currency at current prices.	Numeric
govfinexPPP	Government financing expenditure: Measures the governments' executed contribution to the programme in the corresponding year, in US\$PPP.	Numeric
govfinex1	Government financing period 1: Indicates whether the amount is for the fiscal year, calendar year or multiyear	Categorical: 1= fiscal year

	period.	2= calendar year
		3= multiyear period
govfinex2	<u>Government financing period 2:</u> If exgovfinex1 = 3 (multiyear period), it indicates the number of years covered.	Numeric
findom	Whether programme is financed domestically: Indicates	Dummy:
	whether the programme is financed totally or partially from	0=No
	domestic sources.	1=Yes
findomsour	Sources of domestic financing: Identifies the sources of	Categorical:
	domestic financing, whether by central or local government.	1= general govt. revenues
	Earmarked or hypothecated taxes are collected explicitly for	2= earmarked or
	the purpose of financing transfers.	hypothecated taxes
		3=income taxes
	Several categories can be selected, e.g. a programme	4=consumption taxes or VAT
	financed through an earmarked local consumption tax is	5= resource revenues
	<24>	6=social security or poverty
		reduction funds
finres	Financial resources: Consolidates financial resources from	
	budget/cost/donor and govt expenditure/ to provide a	Numeric
	single amount describing the financial resources used in the	Numeric
	programme	
finrespp	Financial resources in PPP: Consolidates financial resources	
	in ppp from budget/cost/donor and govt expenditure/ to	Numeric
	provide a single amount describing the financial resources	Numeric
	used in the programme	
finresour	Finresour: Identifies the source of financial resources	Categorical:
		1 = budget
		2 = cost
		3 = dfinex
		4 = govfinex
URL	<u>URL:</u> Provides location of programme website.	String (URL)

References

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