

# GII Survey Report

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*Selection: United Kingdom.*

## 1) United Kingdom, 1863 - 1863 (Privy Council)

Survey ID: 1391

582 households

Ref ID: 1436

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**Dr. Edward Smith, *Report on the Food of the Poorer Labouring Classes in England, Medical Officer of the Privy Council: Sixth Report, 1963* (London: H. M. S. O., 1864)**

## 2) United Kingdom, 1883 - 1883

Survey ID: 1045

16 households

Ref ID: 1037

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**'15th annual report', *Mass bur stats of lab*, No. 4 (Mass., 1884), pp. 462-269.**

## 3) United Kingdom, 1887 - 1887 (Private - Individual, Booth)

Survey ID: 1046

30 households

**Notes:** This study was designed to investigate the socio-economic characteristics of poverty and to comment upon the condition of the people of London.

The summary details of thirty family budgets collected over five weeks in 1887 are presented in a fixed format table although the expenditure details for several food types have been aggregated together by the compiler.

The budgets are primarily drawn from families living in the east end of London. For some foods, the quantities consumed by the family during the period of investigation are also given.

*Selection: United Kingdom.*

Ref ID: 1038

**Charles Booth, *Life and Labour of the People in London* (London: Williams and Norgate, 1889)**

4) **United Kingdom, 1887 - 1887 (Board of Trade)**

Survey ID: 1047

**34 households**

**Sample Duration:**

1 Week(s)

**Notes:** This inquiry was carried out by a fixed format questionnaire under the auspices of the Board of Trade and was designed to ascertain the expenditure patterns of working-class families in Great Britain. The desire to carry out such a study was clearly influenced by the existence of similar studies carried out by Le Play in Belgium and Engel in Germany.

Originally 730 questionnaires were sent out in 1887 to trades union officials and selected workers and co-operative societies, and an attempt was made in so doing to cover as many trades as possible. Unfortunately, there were only 36 returns of which 34 were sufficiently complete to be published in the report and these respondents were mainly urban workers from the north of England and Scotland, although three returns were completed by southern agricultural labourers.

Ref ID: 1039

**Board of Trade, *Returns of Expenditures by Working Men* (London: H.M.S.O., 1889)**

*Selection: United Kingdom.*

## 5) United Kingdom, 1889 - 1890 (U.S. Commissioner Of Labor)

Survey ID: 1050

### 1,024 households

**Notes:** This survey was designed to investigate the comparative cost of production and the cost of living in selected industries in several European countries and the United States. The industries that the inquiry covered were bituminous coal, coke, pig iron, bar iron, steel, iron ore, cotton, woollens and glass, although no budgets were collected in Great Britain from those employed in the iron ore industry.

In total, 1024 budgets were collected and the fixed format tables provide comprehensive details of family age structure, composition, expenditure and income. In addition, for certain groceries, details of the quantities consumed by the family are also included.

This survey should be regarded as both the most extensive and the most detailed survey available for this period. Many of the observations in the different expenditure categories, when converted from dollars, are seen to be multiples of 12 or 52, suggesting that the budgets were kept for a week or a calendar month. The income range of the families included in the budget study is from the very poorly paid to the better-off sections of the working class although most of the families fall into the income range of 25/- to 50/- (300-600p) per week, with relatively few families whose total expenditure is less than 25/- per week.

This survey is probably the nearest contemporary survey available comparable to a modern household expenditure inquiry.

Ref ID: 278

***Sixth Annual Report Of The Commissioner Of Labor, 1890. Cost Of Production: Iron, Steel, Coal, Etc. (Washington D.C.: United States Government Printing Office, 1891)***

Ref ID: 228

***Seventh Annual Report Of The Commissioner Of Labor, 1891. Cost Of Production: The Textiles And Glass (Washington D.C.: United States Government Printing Office, 1892)***

Ref ID: 1269

***Michael R. Haines, Codebook: Cost of Living of Industrial Workers in the United States and Europe, 1888-1890, ICPSR 7711***

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1270

Frederick W. Moore, 'Review: Sixth Annual Report of the Commissioner of Labor 1890', *The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, No. 2 (May 1892), pp. 135-146.

## 6) United Kingdom, 1891 - 1894 (Private - Group, Economic Club)

Survey ID: 1051

### 28 households

**Notes:** The information contained in this study is in the form of fixed format summary tables of weekly averages of family expenditure and income. Details are also given about the geographical location of the family, the occupation of the husband and the family's composition and age structure. The tables are supported by a descriptive text that details the lifestyle and living conditions of each family.

Of the twenty-eight budgets, eighteen are from urban workers and ten are from rural labourers. Although the summary tables provide weekly averages of the accounts, the length of time that the budgets were kept for varies from between one and fifty-two weeks.

Ref ID: 1042

Economic Club, *Family budgets: being the income and expenses of twenty-eight British households, 1891-1894* (London: P. S. King & son, 1896)

## 7) United Kingdom, 1892 - 1893 (Academic - Individual)

Survey ID: 1471

### 1 households

Sample Duration: 15 Week(s)

**Notes:** This survey is mainly based on the analysis of budgets from other sources, but it does include one otherwise unpublished budget for a London slipper maker carried out over 15 weeks in 1892 and 1893.

Ref ID: 1500

Henry Higgs, 'Workmen's Budgets', *The Royal Statistical Society*, Vol. 56, No. 2 (Jun., 1893), pp. 255-294.

8) **United Kingdom, 1892 - 1894 (The Royal Commission on Labour)**

Survey ID: 1473

**70 households**

**Notes:** The commissioners were appointed to inquire into the relations between employers and employees, combinations of employers and employees and the condition of labour in selected trades and agriculture.

The only budget studies included in the report are from agricultural labourers, predominantly from the south of England and Wales. The weekly budgets are listed by Poor Law union and a total of 60 budgets are sufficiently detailed in the first volume of this report to warrant this type of analysis (there are also another 10 budgets contained in the second volume of the report for agricultural workers in Wales, but these are somewhat less complete).

The budgets are presented in free format style, but the similar description of certain categories of expenditure suggest it is likely they were compiled on the basis of a fixed format questionnaire sent out to Poor Law officers.

Ref ID: 1502

**Royal Commission on Labour, *The Agricultural Labourer* (London: H. M. S. O., 1893)**

9) **United Kingdom, (circa) 1893 - 1897 (Private - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1461

**8 households**

Ref ID: 1491

**Clara E. Collet, 'The Expenditure of Middle Class Working Women', *The Economic Journal*, Vol. 8, No. 32 (Dec. 1898), pp. 543-553.**

10) **United Kingdom, (circa) 1895 - 1895 (Private - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1472

**26 households**

**Notes:** The twenty-six budgets included in this study are for individuals rather than families. Furthermore, the details of expenditure provided in the budgets are particularly scant and in most cases incomplete, although the geographic and occupational coverage of this inquiry is quite broad. The most detailed evidence contained in the survey relates to the consumption of various foods by individuals, but unfortunately only information on quantities of food consumed is included - no expenditure details are provided. This survey may be of some use for the analysis of diets but it has little to commend it for other kinds of investigation.

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1501

T. Oliver, 'The Diet of Toil', *Lancet* (1895), pp. 1629-1635.

## 11) United Kingdom, 1895 - 1895 (Private - Individual)

Survey ID: 1484

### 7 households

**Notes:** This small study provides details of seven family budgets drawn mainly from the north of England, although not exclusively from the textile industries. The purpose of the inquiry was a comparison of the standard of living of workers in England with their continental counterparts and the budgets are exclusively those of the better-paid section of the working-class.

The summary details of household expenditure are rather confusingly tabulated in terms of weekly and yearly outgoings and it is not always clear which items have been carried over from the sub-totals of weekly expenditure. It is extremely unlikely that the families actually kept records of their expenditure on rent, insurance, clothing, medicine, travel, furniture and sundry items over a whole year: it seems rather more probable that families were asked by the compiler to estimate their yearly expenditure on these items. This must cast considerable doubt on the reliability of the evidence for in addition to the difficulty of interpreting the fixed format tables, there is a considerable divergence between supposed family income and total expenditure. Von Schulze-Gavernitz argues that this is in fact the level of unrecorded cash savings of the family, but it could equally be caused by the errors incurred by the method of investigation employed. Moreover, the details of the composition and age structure of the families have to be ascertained from the text and these are not as full as we might wish in all cases.

Ref ID: 1499

Gerhart von Schulze-Gavernitz, *The Cotton Trade in England and on the Continent: A Study in the Field of the Cotton Industry* (London: Simpkin, Marshall and Co., 1895)

## 12) United Kingdom, 1896 - 1910

Survey ID: 1767

### unknown # of households

**Notes:** Survey of weekly household budget of senior clerks. Average rates of pay of clerical grades and station masters with a cost of living summary for 1896-1910.

Ref ID: 1835

*Survey of weekly household budget of senior clerks. Average rates of pay of clerical grades and station masters with a cost of living summary for 1896-1910 (1912)*

- 13 ) **United Kingdom, 1899 - 1902 (Private - Individual, Rowntree)** Survey ID: 1052
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- 11,560 households**
- Notes:** This is probably the most famous social survey of this period. It was designed to investigate socio-economic characteristics and causes of poverty during the working-class population of York and it is especially noted for the investigation of the nutritional adequacy of diets and the formulation of a poverty line income below which people could not meet the needs of 'merely physical efficiency'. Sixteen free format weekly budgets are included in the text for the period 1899-1901.
- Ref ID: 1043
- B. Seebohm Rowntree, *Poverty: A Study of Town Life* (London, New York: MacMillan and Co., 1901)**
- 14 ) **United Kingdom, 1900 - 1901 (Board of Trade)** Survey ID: 1495
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- 250 households**
- Notes:** Part III of the BoT (1903) report includes 250 budgets listed by regional location in the British Isles. Unfortunately, however, the only information included is the price and quantity of food bought by the household and the amount paid in rent. No details of income or total expenditure are given making the budgets almost useless for any purpose other than deriving estimates of the unit values for various articles of food in 1900-1901.
- Ref ID: 1514
- Board of Trade, *Wholesale and retail prices. Return to an order of the Honourable the House of Commons, dated 6th August, 1903:--for "Report on wholesale and retail prices in the United Kingdom in 1902, with comparative statistical tables for a series of years."* (London: H.M.S.O., 1903)**
- 15 ) **United Kingdom, (circa) 1901 - 1901 (Private - Individual)** Survey ID: 1474
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- |                                |                         |           |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| <b>unknown # of households</b> | <b>Sample Duration:</b> | 1 Week(s) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
- Notes:** As the title of the report suggests, this inquiry was designed to evaluate the nutritional adequacy of workers' diets. It was heavily influenced by the findings of Atwater, a pioneer nutritionist. The analysis of these diets was based on a carefully executed questionnaire, followed up by an interview. During the week of study every article of food purchased by the family was weighted and the price noted by the compiler. Allowances were made for the stock of food present in the house at the beginning and end of the budget study period and the consumption of food by boarders and guests was also taken into account. As far as the other categories of expenditure are concerned, however, the information presented in the survey is rather less complete.

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1477

C. N. Paton, J. C. Dunlop and E. Inglis, *On the Dietaries of the Labouring Classes of the City of Edinburgh* (Edinburgh, 1901)

16 ) **United Kingdom, 1901 - 1901 (Private - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1486

4 households

Ref ID: 1512

G. S. Layard, 'Family Budgets', *The Cornhill Magazine*, Vol. May-Aug. 1901

17 ) **United Kingdom, 1902 - 1902 (Board of Trade)**

Survey ID: 1475

211 households

**Notes:** This survey presents summary tables of the consumption of food by 114 agricultural labourers in England. Unfortunately, only the mean quantity of various food items consumed by these families is given making the survey useful only for the analysis of the nutritional adequacy of diets.

Ref ID: 1515

Board of Trade, *Second report by Mr Wilson Fox on the wages, earnings, and conditions of employment of agricultural labourers in the United Kingdom, with statistical tables and charts* (H.M.S.O., 1913)

Ref ID: 1503

Board of Trade, *British and foreign trade and industry. Memoranda, statistical tables, and charts prepared in the Board of Trade with reference to various matters bearing on British and foreign trade and industrial conditions.* (London: H.M.S.O., 1903)



Selection: United Kingdom.

18 ) **United Kingdom, 1903 - 1903 (Academic - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1053

**127 households**

Ref ID: 1044

**P. H. Mann, 'Life in an Agricultural Village in England', *Sociological Papers*, Vol. 1 (1905), pp. 163-193.**

19 ) **United Kingdom, 1903 - 1904 (Board of Trade)**

Survey ID: 1054

**1,944 households**

**Sample Duration:** 1 Week(s)

**Notes:** The largest British enquiry of the pre-First World War period was undertaken by the Board of Trade in 1904. Details of income, rent and items of food expenditure were collected from workmen and their families for one week during August-September 1904. Questionnaires were sent to workmen's organisations, co-operative societies and selected individuals, producing a total of 1944 British returns (136 from London in 1903 and another 1808 in August and September of 1904 from all parts of Great Britain).

The results of this survey are given under the heading of 'Consumption and Cost of Food in Workmen's Families in Urban Districts in the United Kingdom'. Although the income range and geographical coverage of this survey was quite extensive, as the title suggests, it was not designed to solicit information on any other category of expenditure but food.

Moreover, the original returns to the questionnaire were not published and seem to be no longer available. Since total expenditure for these budgets is impossible to calculate, mean expenditure on various food items has had to be calculated as a percentage of total family income. In addition, total family size is unclear, for although the average number of children in families is given, the number of adults is not.

However, the summary tables that are presented in the report are organised by income group and regional location, with mean family expenditure is given in each case. This is clearly a particularly useful survey, and although its coverage is limited to details of food expenditure and consumption, it should not be under-rated since the evidence from this report was used by the Board of Trade to ascertain weights for its own cost of living index.

See the University of Sussex British Living Standards Project for more information.

Ref ID: 1387

**Dataset: British Living Standards Project, 1904 Board of Trade Survey**

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1386

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**I. Gazeley and A. Newell, Codebook: British Living Standards Project - 1904 Board of Trade Survey**

Ref ID: 1045

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**Board of Trade, *Consumption and Cost of Food in Workmen's Families in Urban Districts in the United Kingdom. II. Changes in the cost of living of the working classes in large towns, Cd. 2337, ser.* (London: H.M.S.O., 1904)**

20 ) **United Kingdom, 1903 - 1903 (Board of Trade)**

Survey ID: 1476

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**286 households**

**Notes:** Officers of the Labour Department along with other investigators obtained approximately 400 household returns of 'Urban Workmen's Families' in 1903. 286 returns were deemed to be reliable enough to summarise details of the cost and quantities of bread, flour and meat. These are reported across four groups of income. 101 of these households were in London.

With what appears to be a subset of the 286 returns (although this is ambiguous in the report) quantities and costs were reported for a wider range of foods (18 tabulations, some of which are groupings such as 'Rice, Tapioca, Oatmeal, etc'). This subset amounts to 88 households, 68 of which relate to London. In this case, the 88 household results are reported across three income groups.

In both cases, only food - quantities and expenditure - are reported. There are no other expenditures given.

Ref ID: 1503

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**Board of Trade, *British and foreign trade and industry. Memoranda, statistical tables, and charts prepared in the Board of Trade with reference to various matters bearing on British and foreign trade and industrial conditions.* (London: H.M.S.O., 1903)**

21 ) **United Kingdom, 1905 - 1905 (Private - Group, Dundee Social Union)**

Survey ID: 1477

**16 households**

**Notes:** This enquiry was designed to investigate the socio-economic characteristics of poverty, concentrating, in particular, on the housing conditions and diet of families that were in receipt of poor relief.

There are sixteen budgets given in a fixed format summary table which includes details of expenditure and the cost of accommodation. Information on the income and composition of the family is to be found in the text which also provides a description of the living conditions of the household. The text occasionally includes a few details of the families' expenditure on other non-food items, but these are not reported in any systematic fashion.

Ref ID: 1504

**Dundee Social Union and Mary L. Walker, *Report on housing and industrial conditions and medical inspection of school children* (Dundee: Printed by J. Leng & Co., Limited, 1905)**

22 ) **United Kingdom, 1905 - 1907 (Private - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1480

**9 households**

**Notes:** This survey was designed to investigate the condition of the people in Corsley, a village in Wiltshire, and it includes nine free format budgets for families of agricultural labourers - collected between 1905 and 1907 as well as information on the life-styles of these families.

Of the nine budgets, two were kept over three weeks, six were kept over two weeks and one was kept for a single week. Income and family composition can be derived from the text.

Ref ID: 1507

**Maud F. (Maud Frances) Davies and Jane Howells, *Life in an English village an economic and historical survey of the parish of Corsley in Wiltshire* (Salisbury: The Hobnob Press, 2013)**

23 ) **United Kingdom, (circa) 1907 - 1907 (Private - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1478

**6 households**

Sample Duration: 6 Week(s)

**Notes:** This survey was conducted in Middlesborough. With the exception of one free-format budget, the data is rather incomplete.

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1497

Florence Eveleen Eleanore Bell, *At the Works: a study of a manufacturing town* (London: Edward Arnold, 1907)

24 ) **United Kingdom, 1907 - 1907 (Royal Commission on the Poor Law)**

Survey ID: 1479

**8 households**

**Notes:** There are eight budgets for families in receipt of outdoor relief in Ecclesall Bierlow (Sheffield) in 1907. The income of these families is almost entirely the relief they receive and the families themselves tend to be old-aged couples or an old person living with a son or daughter.

Ref ID: 1506

Royal Commission on the Poor Laws & Relief of Distress, *Appendix No. XL(B), Vol. IV (Cd. 4835)* (London: H.M.S.O., 1909)

25 ) **United Kingdom, 1908 - 1909 (Private - Group, Liverpool Joint Research Committee)**

Survey ID: 1055

**40 households**

**Notes:** Weekly budgets of forty families, collected between 1907 and 1908, are described in free-format style along with a description of each family which gives details of family income and composition. The report also provides summary tables for twenty-nine of the families' expenditure on food (these are mainly three weekly averages) and a summary table of the weekly average income and non-food expenditure for all of the forty families.

The budgets were kept for significantly different periods ranging from one to sixty-two weeks.

Ref ID: 1046

Eleanor Rathbone, *How the Casual Labourer lives* (Liverpool, 1909)

26 ) **United Kingdom, 1909 - 1911 (Private - Group, Fabian Society)**

Survey ID: 1325

**34 households**

**Notes:** This study was carried out in Lambeth by Pember Reeves and other members of the Fabian Women's Group between 1909 and 1911. It concentrates on the condition of poor families and the role of women within these households.

Fifteen free format family budgets are included in the text which are, with one exception, weekly records of the income and expenditure of the family. In several cases, the budgets are detailed in terms of daily accounts over the week of the study and provide information on the quantity of various foods consumed along with sample menus. The other-budget was kept over three weeks.

Ref ID: 1360

**Maud Pember Reeves, *Round about a pound a week* (London: G. Bell and sons, Ltd., 1913)**

27 ) **United Kingdom, 1909 - 1909 (Private - Individual)**

Survey ID: 1481

**8 households**

**Notes:** This was a similar inquiry to the Davies study, although in this case all the eight free format budgets are for urban families. The budgets, which were collected in 1909, are quite detailed and provide information about family expenditure on food and the quantities of food purchased.

Ref ID: 1508

**Christina Violet Butler, *Social conditions in Oxford* (London: Sidgwick & Jackson, 1912)**

28 ) **United Kingdom, (circa) 1911 - 1911 (Board of Trade)**

Survey ID: 1044

**33 households**

**Notes:** Thirty budgets of individual women and girls are provided in the summary tables included for this survey. Since the study is not concerned with family expenditure it has not been used in the GII project. The survey was sponsored by the Board of Trade.

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1036

**George Ranken Askwith, *Accounts of Expenditure of Wage-Earning Women and Girls* (London: H.M.S.O., 1911)**

29 ) **United Kingdom, 1911 - 1912 (Corporation of City of Glasgow)**

Survey ID: 1324

**60 households**

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

**Notes:** An almost identical method was followed in this inquiry to the one adopted by Paton, Dunlop and Inglis in their study of dietaries in Edinburgh. Sixty budgets are presented in total. The study was conducted over a single week.

Ref ID: 1359

**D.E. Lindsay, *Report upon a study of the Diet of the Labouring Classes in the City of Glasgow carried out during 1911-12, under the auspices of the corporation of the city* (Glasgow, 1913)**

30 ) **United Kingdom, 1912 - 1913 (Private - Individual, Rowntree)**

Survey ID: 1056

**42 households**

**Notes:** This inquiry contains forty-two weekly family budgets collected in 1912 from eight counties in England (Oxfordshire, Essex, Berkshire, Bedfordshire, Leicestershire and the North, West and East Ridings of Yorkshire).

The budgets are extremely detailed and include weekly accounts of income and expenditure plus information about the receipt of free goods and prerequisites by the family. They are presented in free format style and were obtained by questionnaire and interview.

The families were not selected totally at random by Rowntree and Kendall, since they deliberately avoided very large families on the grounds that these would also have abnormally high incomes.

Ref ID: 1047

**B. Seebohm Rowntree and M. Kendall, *How the Labourer Lives: a Study of the Rural Labour Problem* (London, 1913)**

31 ) **United Kingdom, 1912 - 1912**

Survey ID: 1485

**8 households**

**Notes:** This survey appears to have been heavily influenced by Rowntree's earlier investigation in York. The-eight family budgets for households in receipt of out-relief were collected by a combination of questionnaire and interview in January and February 1912. They are presented in free-format style with a supportive text describing the living conditions of the family, its composition and sources of income.

Ref ID: 1511

***The Destitute of Norwich and how they Live: A Report into the Administration of Outrelief* (London: Jarrold & Sons, 1912)**

32 ) **United Kingdom, 1914 - 1918 (Private - Individual, Ferguson)**

Survey ID: 1336

**5 households**

Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Ref ID: 1370

**Margaret Ferguson, 'The Diets of Labouring Class Families During the Course of the War', *Journal of Hygiene*, Vol. 18: 409 (1920), pp. 409-416.**

33 ) **United Kingdom, 1914 - 1914 (Corporation of Birmingham)**

Survey ID: 1483

**80 households**

**Notes:** This is a very similar survey to the inquiry carried out by Lindsay (Glasgow, 1911-1912). Eighty quite detailed budgets are tabulated in the report. Although a greater amount of non-food expenditure information is included in this survey, it is still a rather incomplete survey for anything other than a nutritional analysis of diets.

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1509

Alfred Edward Carver, *An investigation into the dietary of the labouring classes of Birmingham with special reference to its bearing upon tuberculosis* (Birmingham: Public Health and Housing Committee of the Corporation of Birmingham, 1914)

34 ) **United Kingdom, 1915 - 1916 (Private - Individual, Ferguson)**

Survey ID: 1326

40 households

Ref ID: 1361

Margaret Ferguson, 'The Family Budgets and Dietaries of Forty Labouring-Class Families in Glasgow in Wartime', *Royal Society of Edinburgh*, Vol. 37: 117 (1918), pp. 117-136.

35 ) **United Kingdom, 1917 - 1917 (Private - Individual, Ferguson)**

Survey ID: 1337

8 households

Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1371

Margaret Ferguson, 'A Further Study of the Diets of Labouring Class Families in Glasgow in Wartime', *Royal Society of Edinburgh*, Vol. 38: 40 (1918), pp. 40-47.

36 ) **United Kingdom, 1918 - 1918 (Agricultural Wages Board)**

Survey ID: 1057

269 households



Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1048

Great Britain Agricultural Wages Board, *Report of the committee appointed by the agricultural wages board to enquire into the financial results of the occupation of agricultural land and the cost of living of rural workers* (London, 1919)

37 ) **United Kingdom, 1918 - 1918 (Working Classes Cost-of-Living Committee)**

Survey ID: 1058

1,306 households

Ref ID: 1049

Working Classes Cost-of-Living Committee, *Report on the increase since June 1914 in the cost of living to the working classes, Cd. 8980* (London, 1928)

38 ) **United Kingdom, 1919 - 1923**

Survey ID: 1059

2,258 households

Ref ID: 1050

Noel Paton and Leonard Findlay, *Poverty, nutrition and growth: studies of child life in cities and rural districts of Scotland* (London, 1926)

39 ) **United Kingdom, (circa) 1920 - 1920**

Survey ID: 1060

629 households

Ref ID: 1051

Labour Committee on the Cost of Living, 'Cost of Living', *Labour Gazette*, No. Aug. (1921)

Selection: United Kingdom.

- 40 ) **United Kingdom, 1921 - 1921 (Private - Individual, Tully)** Survey ID: 1338
- 
- 11 households** Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)
- Ref ID: 1372
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- A.M.T. Tully, 'A Study of the Nutrition and Economic Conditions of Working Class Families in Glasgow in April 1921', *Lancet*, Vol. 201, No. 2 (1921), pp. 57-59.**
- 41 ) **United Kingdom, 1922 - 1922 (Private - Individual, Tully)** Survey ID: 1339
- 
- 12 households** Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)
- Ref ID: 1373
- 
- A.M.T. Tully, 'A Study of the Diets and Economic Conditions of Labouring-Class Families in Glasgow in June 1922', *Glasgow Medical Journal*, Vol. 16: 353 (1922), pp. 353-368.**
- 42 ) **United Kingdom, 1922 - 1923 (Academic - Institutional, Medical Research Council)** Survey ID: 1340
- 
- 140 households** Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)
- Ref ID: 1375
- 
- Medical Research Council, *Report on the Nutrition of Miners and ther Families, Medical Research Council Special Report* (London, 1924)**
- 43 ) **United Kingdom, 1923 - 1923 (Private - Individual, Hill)** Survey ID: 1341
- 
- 132 households** Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Selection: United Kingdom.

Ref ID: 1376

A.B. Hill, 'A Physiological and Economic Study of the Diets of Workers in Rural Areas as Compared with those of Workers Resident in Urban Districts', *Journal of Hygiene*, Vol. 24: 189 (1925), pp. 189-240.

44 ) **United Kingdom, 1923 - 1923 (Private - Individual, Tully)**

Survey ID: 1342

17 households

Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1377

A.M.T. Tully, 'A Study of the Diets and Economic Conditions of Artisan Families in Glasgow in May 1923', *Glasgow Medical Journal*, Vol. 19: 1 (1924), pp. 1-13.

45 ) **United Kingdom, 1926 - 1926**

Survey ID: 1061

235 households

Ref ID: 1052

D. Caradog Jones, 'The Cost of Living of a sample of Middle-class Families', *Jour. Roy. Statis. Soc.*, Vol. 91 (1928), pp. 463-518.

46 ) **United Kingdom, 1930 - 1930 (Academic - Institutional, Medical Research Council)**

Survey ID: 1343

154 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1378

E.P. Cathcart, *A Study in Nutrition: An Enquiry into the Diet of 154 Families of St. Andrews, Medical Research Council Report Special Series* (London, 1931)

Selection: United Kingdom.

47 ) **United Kingdom, 1932 - 1932 (Academic - Institutional, London School of Economics)**

Survey ID: 1460

**123 households**

Ref ID: 1488

R. G. D. Allen and A. L. Bowley, *Family Expenditure: A Study of its Variation* (London: P. S. King & Son, Ltd., 1935)

Ref ID: 1489

William Henry Beveridge Beveridge and British Broadcasting Corporation., *Changes in family life* (London: British Broadcasting Corporation, 1932)

Ref ID: 1490

[LSE Special Collections], Archive Folders re "Changes in Family life"

48 ) **United Kingdom, 1936 - 1936 (Rowntree)**

Survey ID: 1492

**unknown # of households**

Ref ID: 1518

Bbenjamin Seebohm Rowntree, *Poverty and progress: a second social survey of York* (London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1941)

Selection: United Kingdom.

49 ) **United Kingdom, 1937 - 1938 (Government - Statistical Office)** Survey ID: 1236

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**10,762 households**

Sample Duration: 4 Week(s)

**Notes:** The original returns, it appears, have since been destroyed or lost. What remains in The National Archives is a meagre 99 Summary Budgets. Fortunately, however, Prof. Peter Scott discovered another 524 Summary Budgets held at the University of Bangor and the total of 623 surviving budgets constitute a closely representative sub-sample of the full set used to make the 1949 report.

See the University of Sussex British Living Standards Project for more information.

Ref ID: 1513

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**British Living Standards Project, Ministry of Labour 1937-8 survey**

50 ) **United Kingdom, 1938 - 1938 (The Ipswich Committee against Malnutrition)** Survey ID: 1243

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**100 households**

Ref ID: 1222

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**Dr. A. M. N. Pringle, *An Enquiry Into Malnutrition, Based on an investigation carried out in 1938 by The Ipswich Committee against Malnutrition* (Ipswich: The East Anglian Daily Times Co. Ltd., 1938)**

51 ) **United Kingdom, 1938 - 1939** Survey ID: 1665

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**1,380 households**

Ref ID: 1722

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***Expenditure of 1,380 Middle Class Households in 1938-39, Mass Observation File Report A5***

*Selection: United Kingdom.*

52 ) **United Kingdom, 1953 - 1954**

Survey ID: 1062

**12,911 households**

Notes: See the University of Sussex British Living Standards Project for more information.

Ref ID: 1053

**British Living Standards Project, Ministry of Labour Household Expenditure Survey, 1953/4. (1954)**

53 ) **United Kingdom, 1960 - 1960**

Survey ID: 1238

**3,540 households**

Ref ID: 2051

**FES Dataset, UK Data Archive**

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**Report Stats:**

*Selection: United Kingdom.*

**Surveys:** 53

Reference instances: 61

**Total Households:** 50,584